UTRCA Comments	Our Responses	Proposed Draft Plan Condition
Floodplain		• •
1. Please provide hydrologic and hydraulic modeling for the subject lands to delineate the extent of the floodplain during a Regulatory (250-year) Storm. The floodplain model is to be reviewed and accepted by the UTRCA flood modeling staff. New development, including stormwater infrastructure is not permitted within the Regulatory (250-year) Floodplain.	An appropriate draft plan condition can be prepared as this is an unregulated drain. Various options exists regarding the outcome of this analysis, non of which prohibit development as proposed.	Prior to approval of the detailed enginee shall complete a Storm Water and hydro modeling flows to demonstrate flood ha
2. For new development, the UTRCA requires dry vehicular and pedestrian access, at or above the Regulatory (250-year) Flood Elevation. If roads are proposed to traverse the drains or floodplain, the crossings must be designed to convey flows during a Regulatory Storm without causing any upstream or downstream flood and erosion impacts to the satisfaction of the UTRCA.	Acknowledged. This will be included as part of the detailed engineering submission for the subject lands. This requirement will be satisfied by the proposed Draft Plan Condition in response to comment #1 in addition to the proposed condition herein.	No additional condition required.
3. The SWM report mentions the potential rerouting/alterations to the Porter Subdivision Drain and Hunter Branch Drain to accommodate the conveyance of existing external flows. The UTRCA strongly discourages changing the route of the existing drains. Additional information is required if rerouting/alterations are proposed.	Although it is not anticipated, the Drainage Act does permit alteration to existing drain. Additional information will be included as part of the detailed engineering submission for the subject lands. This requirement will be satisfied by the proposed Draft Plan Condition.	Prior to approval, if required, the Owner any alterations or modifications are requ
Stormwater Management	Γ	1
4. Based on the local contour information there may be additional catchment areas which have not been identified on Figure 2. Please provide more detailed catchment areas supported by local contours.	Attached is new figure that shows the full extent of our delineations. Based on the best available topographic LIDAR information. This requirement will be satisfied by the proposed draft plan condition.	No additional condition required other than
5. Please consider the effects of groundwater recharge on the proposed development including SWM infrastructure and the proposed SWM ponds.	Acknowledged. This will be included as part of the detailed engineering submission for the subject lands. This requirement will be satisfied by the proposed Draft Plan Condition.	The Owner shall have his consulting engi conjunction with the submission of engir
6. Please add and consider water balance in the SWM Criteria mentioned in the Report.	Acknowledged. This will be included as part of the detailed engineering submission for the subject lands. This requirement will be satisfied by the proposed Draft Plan Condition.	No additional condition required.
7. The Report states that no quantity control is proposed for Parcel 1 (lands west of Richmond Street). The UTRCA strongly recommends providing quantity control based on the catchment areas and not the site boundaries. Majority of Parcel 1 contributes flows to the Porter Subdivision Drain. There should be no increase in the flow for all the storms (2- year to 250-year) from Parcel 1 to the Porter Subdivision Drain under the post development conditions.	Acknowledged. Flows contributed to the Porter Subdivision drain will be generally limited to the abutting single family rear yards. Post-development flows from Parcel 1 will not exceed pre-development quantity targets to the Porter Subdivision Drain. The increased flows from Parcel one will be directed to the Sandusky Drain. Details pertaining with this will be included as part of the detailed engineering submission for the subject lands. This requirement will be satisfied by the proposed Draft Plan Condition.	As part of submission of detailed drawing discharge flow from the subject site mee and erosion control, and can be accomm
8. The lands east and west of Richmond Street fall within the drainage areas of two different drains. Quantity control should be provided based on the drainage areas contributing to these drains and not based on the proposed parcels. There should be no changes in the flow for all the storms (2-year to 250-year) to either drainage area under post-development conditions.	Acknowledged. This will be included as part of the detailed engineering submission for the subject lands. This requirement will be satisfied by the proposed Draft Plan Condition.	No additional condition required.
9. The total site area is approximately 45.4 ha but the quantity control is provided for only area 208b (24.15 ha) and area A209 (2.59 ha). The UTRCA recommends providing quantity controls for the various catchment areas instead of over compensating for quantity controls in only two catchment areas.	Consolidating quantity control to single stormwater facility (SWMF) is a more efficient approach for SWMF infrastructure & land requirements, maintenance, and achieves desired development configuration. That said, a large portion of the uncontrolled area pre-development to post-development flow contribution will remain unchanged.	No additional condition required.
10. Please include the 10 and 25-year storms in Table 1 titled Peak Flow Summary – Sandusky Drain at CNR.	Acknowledged. This will be included as part of the detailed engineering submission for the subject lands. This requirement will be satisfied by the proposed Draft Plan Condition.	In conjunction with the 1st submission o
11. All proposed OGS should be designed to provide 80% TSS removal.	Acknowledged. This will be included as part of the detailed engineering submission for the subject lands. This requirement will be satisfied by the proposed Draft Plan Condition.	Functional Report or a SWM Servicing Le

ering submission and prior grading or site alteration activities, the Owner plogic and hydraulic modeling for the subject lands, and to include azard impacts.

r shall undertake appropriate studies as required under the Drainage Act if uired as part of this development.

n implementation satisfactory to the Municipality.

ineer prepare and submit to the Municipality supporting information in neering drawings.

ngs, the Owner will provide information outlining the post-development ets stormwater control requirements for water balance, quality, quantity, nodate by existing or proposed SWM infrastructure.

of engineering drawings submission, the Owner shall d submit a Storm/Drainage and SWM Servicing etter/Report, all to the satisfaction of the Municipality.

12. Please provide additional details on how flows will be conveyed and controlled from	Acknowledged. Additional detail will be included as part of the detailed engineering submission for the	No additional condition required
area 210 under the post-development conditions.	subject lands.	
13. Quality controls are not proposed for catchment A211. Please provide justification for not providing quality control for the low density residential block. The UTRCA recommends providing quality control for all proposed areas to be developed.	Catchment A211 is tributary to an existing Ida Street storm system which was designed for these lands, as a result quality control requirements for the low density residential block are anticipated to be satisfied by the existing system provided that proposed tributary area represents only a small percentage (with quality treatment provided primarily for driveways) of the overall sewershed area.	No condition required.
14. Please consider the conveying capacity of the CNR ditch under the post-development conditions. Please provide cross sections of the ditch showing the 100 and the 250-year storm elevations.	We are not using the CNR ditch or grading within the CNR lands. As part of detailed design It will be clearly identified that the on-site discharge will be safely conveyed during the 250-year event to the respective outlet locations.	No additional condition required.
15. There is a wetland feature within catchment A210 and A202. Please identify the catchment area contributing runoff to each wetland and maintain the baseflow through a feature-based water balance considering the proposed SWM strategy and the required setback from the wetland.	Acknowledged. This will be included as part of the detailed engineering submission for the subject lands. This requirement will be satisfied by the proposed Draft Plan Condition.	In conjunction with the 1st submission or professional engineer and professional g on the final subdivision design, to include baseflow through a feature-based water
16. The drainage areas shown on the Figure showing the existing storm drainage areas do not match with the areas used in Appendix D. Please revise.	Acknowledged. Updated SWM report will be included as part of the detailed engineering submission for the subject lands, and will be addressed by same proposed draft plan condition as in response to comment #10.	No condition required.
17. The SWM Report does not demonstrate how the infiltration deficit will be compensated using SWM Low Impact Development (LIDs) and infiltration techniques under the post-development conditions. Please include details on the proposed SWM LIDS in the Final SWM Report supported by the finding of the Final Hydrogeological Assessment and water balance.	Acknowledged. Updated SWM report will be included as part of the detailed engineering submission for the subject lands. This requirement will be satisfied by the proposed Draft Plan Condition.	In conjunction with the 1st submission or have his consulting engineer prepare and Functional Report or a SWM Servicing Le
Water Balance Assessment		
18. The Report states that localized infiltration rates will vary based on factors such as the saturated hydraulic conductivity of surface soils, land slope, rainfall intensity, and relative soil moisture at the start of a rainfall event, and type of cover on the ground surface. Please use the actual infiltration in the final water balance by conducting infiltration/percolation tests on the site.	Acknowledged to be included in subsequent detailed design submissions	In conjunction with the detailed design s professional geoscientist submit the hyd assessed based on infiltration/percolatio
19. The drainage areas identified on Figure 2, Existing Storm Drainage Area Figure, of the SWM Report, does not match with the areas shown on Drawing 16, Drainage Catchments of the Hydrogeological Assessment. Please make sure that the drainage areas are correct and the areas contributing to the wetland features are identified correctly.	Acknowledged.	In conjunction with the detailed design s submit a Storm/Drainage and SWM Servi to address the following: i) Identifying the storm/drainage and SW drainage from external lands will be man
20. The water balance states that due to the infiltration volume deficits observed across the site in the post-development environment, it is recommended to use secondary infiltration and run-off reduction techniques to improve post development infiltration. The infiltration under the post-development condition using SWM LIDs should provide the same volume to be infiltrated under the post-development conditions as per the water balance.		In conjunction with the detailed design s geoscientist submit a hydrogeological inv to features identified in the EIS should al hydrogeological investigation should incl the Municipality:
a) LIDs measures have been proposed as a method of increasing infiltration. As noted in comment 18, field percolation tests should be conducted at the proposed LID locations to confirm the feasibility of these measures, and water quality will need to be accounted for in the design of any mitigation measures.		-Completion of a water balance and/or a development, revised to include the use -Completion of a water balance for any n use of LIDs as appropriate; -Details related to proposed LID solution
b) Section 5.4 of the report provides of list of secondary infiltration opportunities which includes the use of pervious pipes to promote infiltration of water collected in the storm sewer system as an option to reduce the infiltration deficit. The storm runoff may have dissolved pollutants such as phosphorous and chlorides. The UTRCA strongly recommends infiltrating only clean water keeping in view the local groundwater recharge.	Acknowledged. If possible, and as determined by detailed design.	LID systems as it relates to seasonal fluct impacts; -To meet allowable inflow and infiltration establish the water table level of lands w recommend additional measures, if any,

of engineering drawings, the Owner shall have a geoscientist update the hydrogeological report based le contributing runoff to each wetland and maintain the r balance.

of engineering drawings submission, the Owner shall d submit a Storm/Drainage and SWM Servicing etter/Report, all to the satisfaction of the Municipality.

submissions, the Owner shall have a professional engineer and drogeological report including the water balance using infiltration rates on tests to be completed on site.

submissions, the Owner shall have his consulting engineer prepare and vicing Functional Report or a SWM Servicing Letter/Report of Confirmation

VM servicing works for the subject and external lands and how the interim naged, all to the satisfaction of the Municipality;

submissions, the Owner shall have a professional engineer or professional vestigation(s) based on the final subdivision design. Hydrological support lso be included in the functional SWM design. Elements of the slude, but are not to be limited to, the following, all to the satisfaction of

addendum/update to the existing water balance for the proposed e of LIDs as appropriate;

nearby natural heritage feature (i.e., all open space Blocks) to include the

ns, if applicable, including details related to the long-term operations of the tuations of the groundwater table and potential road salt application

n levels as identified by OPSS 410 and OPSS 407, include an analysis to vithin the subdivision with respect to the depth of the sanitary sewers and , which need to be undertake

 21. The water balance calculation has been undertaken for the whole site considering the overall development on the site. The UTRCA requires a detailed feature-based water balance for all retained and created natural heritage features (e.g. woodlands, wetlands, watercourses) to demonstrate that sufficient area is available within the proposed buffers to provide the appropriate infiltration of clean water to maintain the groundwater-dependent features in perpetuity. If this cannot be demonstrated, larger buffers may be required which may impact the configuration of the proposed Draft Plan of Subdivision. 22. The Draft Plan proposes removal of wetland Community 5 (MAS) and partial removal and compensation for wetland Community 8 (MAM2). As noted in comment 43, the UTRCAs policies generally do not support the relocation and removal of wetlands. Please provide a detailed feature-based water balance for the existing and proposed wetland features to confirm: 	Both the EIS and Hydrogeological report satisfactorily addressed this concern.	-This has been addressed, however, the t That the implementation of the recomm design and implementation of the Plan o
a) That the removal and modifications to the features will not result in any flooding issues to the proposed development; and		
b) That the relocation and enhancement areas will provide similar functions to the feature that was removed.	The proposed compensation for encroachments are permitted.	
23. The Report mentions that the figures used in the water balance are reported in Appendix K. However, the figures are not included in the Appendix K. Please include the figures showing the pre- and post-development areas used in the water balance to maintain the base flows to the features on the site	The figures used to complete the water balance are attached	In conjunction with the detailed design s professional geoscientist update the hyd areas used in the water balance assessm
hydrogeological Assessment		
24. The Report states that EXP staff confirmed that Porter Subdivision Drain does not exist on the subject lands. According to the UTRCA mapping, the drain enters the lands west of Richmond Street, flowing from northwest corner to the southwest corner of Parcel 1 where it outlets to the Sandusky Drain. The feature is an ephemeral watercourse therefore it will have water flow only after rain/snowmelt with no base flow in other times. The UTRCA staff are aware of existing flood concerns associated with this feature that extend outside of the floodplain identified on our mapping. Please revise the Report to include the Porter Subdivision Drain as an existing feature.		Prior to grading or site alteration activiti extent of the flood hazard of the Porter the proposed lots are located within the be appropriately floodproofed, with flo Subdivision Agreement.
25. Section 3.3 states that Wetland B (Community 5) is proposed to be removed and may be either compensated on-site, adjacent to Wetland C (Community 2), or may be compensated off-site; Wetland A (Community 8) will be predominantly retained as Park space. The EIS identifies removal of Community 5 and partial removal of Community 8. Please provide further details to confirm that the proposed relocation/compensation area can recreate the features/functions of the wetlands that are proposed to be removed. Please note as discussed in comment 43, enhancements within the existing feature and within the required buffer of the Sandusky Drain, cannot be considered within the calculation for the compensation.	Environmental Impact Study responds appropriately and sufficiently.	In conjunction with the first submission Management Plan, the Owner shall subr restoration, compensation and planting professional, to the satisfaction of the N
26. Section 3.4.3 notes discontinuous layers of sandy soil. However, sandy soil was observed in various test pit locations and may not be discontinuous. Please confirm.	Relying on reports and assessments of our geotechnical engineer.	
27. Please explain the reasons for discrepancies between the data logger and the manual measurements for MW3/BH between November 2021 and January 2022, and in April 2022, and between two monitoring events for BH9/MW.	In conjunction with the detailed design submissions, the Owner shall have a professional engineer and professional geoscientist update the hydrogeological report to provide clarifications in regards to the discrepancies between the manual measurements and the data logger.	
28. Please identify the groundwater flow direction on Drawing 13 for the portion of the site west of Richmond Street.	In conjunction with the detailed design submissions, the Owner shall have a professional engineer and professional geoscientist update the hydrogeological report to provide clarifications in regards to groundwater flow direction west of Richmond Street.	
29. Section 4.7 notes metal exceedances in groundwater and surface water. Please comment on the potential source(s) of exceedances.	In conjunction with the detailed design submissions, the Owner shall have a professional engineer and professional geoscientist update the hydrogeological report to provide clarifications in regards to water quality.	

following condition can also be included:

mendation of the EIS and Hydrogeological be incorporated into the detailed of Subdivision.

a submissions, the Owner shall have a professional engineer and ydrogeological report including figures indicating pre-and post-development ment as requested.

ties, the Owner shall complete a Floodplain Assessment, to delineate the r Subdivision Drain, located to the west of the development limit. If any of e floodplain, as determined through the Floodplain Assessment, they shall oodproofing details to be included on the final grading plan and in the

n of engineering drawings, the owner shall undertake an Environmental bmit a buffer planting and habitat enhancement plan which addresses gs that shall occur around the woodlot and wetland, prepared by a qualified Municipality.

30. Please comment on the interpreted source of differences in the chemical signature of samples collected from SW Station 4 in September 2021 and March 2022	In conjunction with the detailed design submissions, the Owner shall have a professional engineer and professional geoscientist update the hydrogeological report to provide clarifications in regards to water quality.	
31. Please add a description on the Schoeller Diagrams with respect to the interaction of groundwater and surface water based on the chemical analyses results. Based on the chemical analyses of the surface water and groundwater samples please:		
a) Include comments on if the wetlands and other site features are groundwater dependent, or surface water dependent; and	In conjunction with the Focused/Design Studies submission, the Owner shall have a professional engineer and professional geoscientist update the hydrogeological report to provide clarifications in regards to water quality.	
b) Clarify the interpretations regarding runoff, groundwater, and surface water interactions in the wetlands and watercourses.		
32. Section 5 notes mitigation measures to increase the post development infiltration to		
80% in all four drainage areas. Please confirm:	This is a detailed design comment.	
a) If the mitigation measures are only those noted in Section 5.4 Secondary Infiltration Opportunities; and	In conjunction with the Focused/Design Studies submission, the Owner shall have a professional engineer and professional geoscientist update the hydrogeological report providing additional detail regarding infiltration mitigation measures as requested.	
b) If the mitigation measures can achieve post development infiltration to 80%.		
33. Section 7.3 notes that "Wetlands A and C as well as the Sandusky Drain will be predominantly retained". The SWM Report identifies an external catchment area of 479.35 ha that drains to the Hunter Branch Drain, which crosses Block 27 and connects to Sandusky Drain. The UTRCA recommends that the Hunter Branch Drain should be retained post development as well. Please include details related to the Hunter Branch Drain. Please refer to comment 47 as it relates to Block 27 and the Hunter Branch Drain.		The Owner shall ensure that recommendations from the Hydrogeological Report and Environmental Impact Studies will be implemented throughout this development.
	Implement recommendations of the Hydrogeological Report and EIS.	
34. The Report includes potential contamination from surface sources. Please comment on other impacts of construction dewatering and development on the surface water features noted in Section 7.3 with respect to water quality and quantity.	This is a normal requirement for installation of municipal services.	No condition required.
35. Section 7.4 dewatering target is assumed to be 0.5 m below base of excavation at 3.0 m bgs (basement foundation) and 3.5 m bgs (sanitary sewer). However, for dewatering calculations in Appendix M, the ground elevation is at 256 masl and the lowest basement bottom is at 253.5 masl leaving only 2.5 m for the basement bottom. Additionally, the precipitation events and volume are not included in the dewatering calculations. Please confirm the depths used in the calculations and note duration of dewatering.	This is a normal requirement for installation of municipal services.	The owner shall, as part of detailed design, make submissions for appropriate dewatering and obtain proper permits from the Province.
36. Section 7.4 notes that the dewatering activities are expected to cause short term		
impacts to the shallow groundwater regime up to 307.48 m surrounding basements and servicing infrastructure. Please provide a map illustrating:		In conjunction with the detailed design submissions, the Owner shall have a professional engineer and professional geoscientist update the hydrogeological report including, but not limited to, the following:
 The location of the proposed basements; The location of proposed linear infrastructure; and The radius of influence under normal conditions and for the "worst case" scenario to identify features that may be impacted by construction dewatering. 	This is a normal requirement for installation of municipal services	ii) dewatering duration iii) dewatering rates iii) dewatering drawings
37. According to Section 4.2.1 shallow groundwater was observed across the entire site. As		
noted, basement foundations are expected to be at 3 mbgs and as such many of the houses will intercept the water table and may require year-round dewatering via basement sump pumps. The dewatering through the basements will reduce groundwater discharge to the wetlands and other watercourses.		
a) Please provide mitigation measures for the potential impacts to the wetland features; and		No additional condition required.
b) Please confirm that the Municipality is satisfied with the proposed basements on the subject lands based on the findings of the hydrogeological assessment.	The hydrogeological report has been completed.	

 38. Please provide details on the contingency measures noted in section 7.4 with respect to the surrounding water supply wells. 39. The EIS discusses the need for a Monitoring Plan. The LITBCA recommends that the 	Acknowledge through implementation of Draft Plan Condition.	The Owner shall develop and implement interference related to construction. It sh on the existing ground water elevations a in this plan.
Monitoring Plan studies the impact of post-construction dewatering on the site features including the water courses and wetlands.	The development of the property will be undertaken in phases.	No condition required.
Environmental Impact Study		
 40. The UTRCA respectfully disagrees with the proposed 15 m buffer to the Sandusky Drain. Based on the data collected by UTRCA cool water species are present. Through the Terms of Reference review, the UTRCA noted that if the proponent is willing to use protections suitable for a cool water watercourse, the UTRCA would not require additional sampling to be conducted. No additional sampling has been conducted; however a 15 m buffer is proposed. UTRCA encourages protecting watercourses based on the coldest species it is currently supporting in the hopes that the watercourse is able to continue to support that thermal class of fish species. a) Aligned with the recommendations for cool water streams in the Natural Heritage Reference Manual (MNR, 2005) the UTRCA recommends a minimum 20 to 30 m vegetated setback from the Sandusky Drain; and b) The 'naturalization area' shown along the Sandusky Drain in Figure 8 should be considered mitigation for the watercourse, not compensation for the removal of wetland. A net environmental benefit related to the watercourse shall be achieved separate from the net environmental benefit related to the wetlands. 	Sandusky Drain is considered 'cool' water with a fish community of predominantly warmwater tolerant species, all of which are common (see Section 4.3.8). The Sandusky Drain will be retained within a minimum 45 m wide Open Space block, providing an average buffer of greater than 20 m to either side. Substantially more protected area adjacent the creek will occur within the retained portions of Communities 8 and 9 to the west of the drain. One small area of reduced buffer width (15 m) is located near the rail crossing at the south of the Subject Lands (see Sections 7.0 and 8.1.4). Areas of naturalization along Sandusky Drain are not included in calculations of wetland compensation for impacts to Community 8. Approximately 0.14 ha of Community 8 is proposed for removal, leaving approximately 1.12 ha of Community 9 along the north side of Community 8 for wetland compensation area. This area is separate from the buffer provided to the Sandusky Drain described above. We stand by our experts.	No additional condition required, as 'coo will be implemented as required.
41. Section 5.1.1, Group A Features, of the EIS states that there is fish habitat associated with the Sandusky Drain. Fish habitat is included as a Group A feature in the Municipality of Thames Centre Official Plan. The vegetation within Community 6 (MAMS/CUM1), associated with the Sandusky Drain, supports fish habitat within the drain and is critical for cool water systems. Please revise the EIS to clearly reflect the Sandusky Drain as a Group A feature and provide justification for Community 6 (MAMS/CUM1) being a Group B feature.	Fish habitat (Group A feature) is present within Sandusky Drain. Wetland Community 6 is located along Sandusky Drain and contributes to fish habitat, but as indirect habitat it will be described as Wetland under Group B Features (see Sections 5.2.3 and 5.3.2).	In conjunction with the first submission of Management Plan, the Owner shall subm restoration, compensation and plantings professional, to the satisfaction of the M
42. As per comment 21, a detailed feature-based water balance should be completed for all retained and created natural heritage features (e.g. woodlands, wetlands, watercourses).	See column to right for proposed draft plan condition for a feature-based water balance for wetlands and the watercourse.	No new condition required.

t appropriate contingency plans (if applicable) in the event of groundwater shall include the effects of the construction associated with this subdivision and domestic or farm wells in the area and identify any abandoned wells

bl' water will remain and appropriate site settlement and erosion control

of engineering drawings and consistent with the approved Environmental mit a buffer planting and habitat enhancement plan which addresses s that shall occur around the woodlot and wetland, prepared by a qualified Junicipality.

 43. Figure 6 identifies the removal of Community 5 (MAS). Further, Figure 8 identifies partial removal of Community 8 (MAM2) with wetland naturalization proposed within Community 9 (CUM1), Community 6 (MAMS/CUM1) and Community 8 (MAM2). The UTRCA's policies generally do not support development within a wetland. For relocation and compensation to be considered, please provide: a) details on how a Net Environmental Benefit is achieved through the proposed compensation and enhancement area, including replication of the feature and its functions; b) details on how the overall size of the feature will be maintained or increased. The UTRCA generally requires a compensation ratio of 3:1. Please note enhancements within the existing feature and within the required buffer of the Sandusky Drain, cannot be considered within the calculation for the compensation area but can aid in achieving a Net Environmental Benefit; c) A feature-based water balance for the existing and created features, as discussed in comment 22; and d) Details on buffering from the proposed feature to the lots/blocks and confirmation that that the development will not have any negative impacts on the features. If mitigation measures are required to ensure no impacts, please provide appropriate recommendations in the EIS; 	 Please see updated Section 8.1.2. Communities 2 and 3 were determined in this EIS to be Regionally Significant (Section 5.3.2) and will be retained in their entirety. Natural and cultural vegetation communities to the north and east of this wetland will also be retained, providing a contiguous natural area of greater than 5.5 ha. To the west of Community 2, a naturalized buffer ranging from 15 m to 30 m in width is proposed to protect the wetland from disturbances associated with adjacent low-density residential development. To the south, the proposed buffer distance between the wetland and adjacent low density residential development (rear lot lines) ranges from 3 m to 25 m. As groundwater movement mimics surface topography and follows a gradient from northeast to southwest, no impacts to the wetland resulting from changes to surface or groundwater inputs are anticipated. Potential impacts resulting from disturbance to wildlife will be mitigated through protection of a substantial natural heritage block (5.5 ha total) surrounding the wetland to the north and east. Community 8 is a norganic Meadow Marsh on the west side of the Subject Lands. Approximately 0.14 ha of Community 8 is proposed for removal. The removal of Community 8 may be compensated for within Community 9 at a ratio of at least 3:1 by area (Figure 10), resulting in a net gain of wetland area. Additional habitat features may be added to the compensation area to facilitate amphibian breeding. see response above for information regarding buffers along Sandusky Drain. Per updated Section 8.1.4, a net environmental benefit will be achieved for Sandusky Drain through provision of a substantial buffer, greater than existing narrow vegetated edge with agricultural lands, and by naturalizing this area to shade and cool the watercourse. 	In conjunction with the first submission c approved Environmental Impact Study, t which addresses restoration, compensati prepared by a qualified professional, to t
44. Table 7 of the EIS notes that increased noise from the proposed road and residential development is expected to have high levels of negative impacts on species associated with the permanent wetland. No specific mitigation methods are currently recommended to reduce this impact. Please include recommendations on how to mitigate these impacts within the Naturalization Plan.	Our apologies, this section was accidentally copied from a previous report. The net effects table has been deleted to avoid confusion as it is not a requirement of EIS.	No new condition required.

of engineering drawings and consistent with recommendations within the the Owner shall submit a buffer planting and habitat enhancement plan tion and plantings that shall occur around the woodlot and wetland, the satisfaction of the Municipality.

45. As noted in the Terms of Reference comm previous unauthorized filling in the vicinity of through the EIS. This has not been addressed	ments for the EIS, the UTRCA requested that f the wetland near Marion Street be addressed d in the current report.	Applicant not aware or responsible, and as such is not appropriate or responsible condition as recourse was not pursued at time of suggested filling. The UTRCA has had opportunity and means that have no place in this approval process. Please see updated Sections 4.3.1 (Community 1 description): Community 1 is a Mineral Cultural Meadow (CUM1). Community 1 is primarily grasslands with meandering trails throughout and some trees. Trails appear to be used by nearby residents for recreational activities, including all-terrain vehicles and motorbikes. Where trees are present, the canopy consists of Sugar Maple, Manitoba Maple with some Black Locust and Eastern Cottonwood. Fill appears to have been placed within this community in 2006. UTRCA notes that this was unauthorized by the authority. Under existing conditions, any areas of unauthorized filling have been fully revegetated. As this disturbance is historic and the ground surface is revegetated, no alterations to this area are recommended. Community 1 will be retained within the large Open Space block surrounding wetland Communities 2 and 3.	No new condition required.
 46. Recommendation 2 in the EIS states, und block along the east part of the Subject Lands to finalize the setbacks, buffers and long term features. The UTRCA disagrees with the recorrecommendations to future applications as the block itself to ensure that adequate deved designated/zoned appropriately. Please revist accordingly. a) Block 19 includes a portion wetland Comm The UTRCA does not support including Natur buffers within development limits. Please revoutside of the features and the 30m buffer. b) Please provide a recommended buffer for recommendations for mitigation measures in the feature and its ecological functions. Please outside of the woodland feature and the recorrect of the space Blocks. The UTRCA recommends that a their respective buffers are dedicated to the 	lertake a scoped review of the medium density is at the time of site plan and detailed design, m ownership and management of those immendation to defer studies, mitigations and his should be addressed prior to delineating elopment setbacks can be implemented and se the recommendation and report nunity 3 (SWC3) and the proposed 30 m buffer. ral heritage features and their associated vise the limits of Block 19 to include lands woodland Community 4 (CUW1) and include in the Final EIS to ensure no negative impacts to se revise the limits of Block 19 to include lands ommended buffer. rritage features, specifically the Park and Open all hazard lands, natural heritage features and Municipality.	a) The former medium-density block has been removed from the Draft Plan is now shown as single family lots. b) Woodland Community 4 has a north and south component. The northern part will be retained within the large Open Space block surrounding wetlands 2/3; the southern portion will be retained within an 13 m (average) buffer c) The Owner shall dedicate all hazard lands, natural heritage features and their respective buffers to the Municipality.	No new condition required.
47. The SWM Report identifies an external ca Hunter Branch Drain, which crosses Block 27 Figure 8 identifies a portion of wetland Comr UTRCA's policies do not support developmen Please provide details on the features, and cl setbacks on the plan.	atchment area of 479.35 ha that drains to the and connects to Sandusky Drain. Further, munity 8 (MAM2) within the Block 27. The nt within hazard lands and within wetlands. learly identify the features and the associated	Natural heritage features and setbacks are shown on Figure 8 and described in the report as noted in responses above.	In conjunction with the Focused Design and submit a Storm/Drainage and SWM Confirmation to address the following: ix) Ensure all geotechnical conditions, na related to the slope stability and natural catchments are adequately addressed for
48. Section 8.5 of the EIS discusses the need Monitoring Plan in the recommendations. Th levels within and adjacent to the retained and the hydrologic functions are maintained.	for a Monitoring Plan. Please include the ne Monitoring Plan should monitor the water d proposed wetland features to ensure that	A monitoring plan has been added as Section 8.4 of the report.	In conjunction with the first submission approved Environmental Impact Study, which addresses restoration, compensa wetland, prepared by a qualified profest Municipality and UTRCA.

ign Studies submission, the Owner shall have his consulting engineer prepare NM Servicing Functional Report or a SWM Servicing Letter/Report of

anatural heritage and/or hazard considerations, and required setbacks ural features including open watercourses, if any, that services upstream d for the subject lands, all to the satisfaction of the Municipality and UTRCA.

ion of engineering drawings and consistent with recommendations within the dy, the Owner shall submit a buffer planting and habitat enhancement plan nsation, plantings and <u>monitoring</u> that shall occur around the woodlot and ofessional, to the satisfaction of the Municipality, all to the satisfaction of the

49. Please include the Land Use Designations and Zoning on Figure 2 and Figure 3	This comment is unclear. Figure 2 shows Municipal Land Use Designations and Figure 3 shows Zoning. MTE	No new condition required.
respectively.	will confirm visibility of layers in multiple PDF-viewers prior to re-submission.	· ·
Planning Comments		1
Consistent with the Technical Guide River & Stream Erosion Hazard Limit (MNR, 2002), the erosion hazard limit for the drains/watercourses on the subject lands should be		
determined through site specific studies, completed by a qualified professional, to the	The municipal drain is shallow with limited flows and there is no erosion concerns identified due to the limited flows and width of the drain.	No additional condition required.
and ensure that all development lots/blocks and stormwater infrastructure are located		
outside of the erosion hazard sethacks		
51. The required setback from the watercourses on the subject lands is the greater of the		
erosion hazard allowance as discussed in comment 50, the floodplain limit as discussed in		
comment 1 and the setback determined through the EIS as discussed in comment 40.	No new comment.	No additional condition required.
Please clearly identify all setbacks on the Draft Plan and ensure that all development		
lots/blocks and stormwater infrastructure is located outside of the greater of the setbacks.		
52. Please provide a Figure with the development overlaid on an air photo which identifies:		
Ithe vegetation communities and the associated buffers:		
Ithe setback from the Sandusky Drain; and		
Ithe limits of the hazard lands including		No new condition required.
All development and site alteration, including grading, and stormwater infrastructure, are		
to be located outside of the above features and their associated buffers to the satisfaction		
of the UTRCA.		
	The EIS prepared has confirmed limits of open space network.	
53. The notice for the proposed Plan of Subdivision & Zoning By-law Amendment states		
that the Areas zoned Environmental Protection (EP) is to remain unchanged.		
a) The UTRCA recommends that the natural heritage features, and associated buffers as		No new condition required
identified in the Final EIS, to the satisfaction of the UTRCA, are rezoned to EP.		
b) The UTRCA recommends that the hazard lands, as discussed in comment 1 and comment		
50, are rezoned to EP.	The EIS confirms limits of the open space network.	
54. Please confirm the future ownership of hazard lands, Park and Open Space blocks. The		
UTRCA recommends that all hazard lands, natural heritage features and their respective	The municipality can obtain the open space network including all hazard lands, natural heritage features	No condition required.
buffers are dedicated to the Municipality.	and their respective buffers to satisfy parkland dedication requirement.	
EF. The LITECA recommends a housekeeping amondment to the Schedule (P. 1) of the		
Municipality of Thamos Contro Official Plan to delineate the Group A feature. Group P		
features and Group C features (inclusive of the bazard lands) on the subject lands with the		No condition required.
appropriate designation as outline in Section 3.2.1 of the Official Plan		
	This is not part of our application	
Public Comments		I
-Lot sizes per lot (single family and medium density) is much smaller than existing lot sizes;		Implementation of the revised Draft Plan and zoning.
-medium density condos/townhouse not existent in Dorchester		
	The plan has been redesigned to address public comments as well as respond to the policies of the PPS and County	
-44% increase of the village's population concentrated in approximately 4% of its settlement area	and Municipal Official Plan.	
i nreatens to disrupt wildlife, natural habitats, and environmentally sensitive areas.		
Pave over prime agricultural land contrary to the direction given in the Provincial Policy Statement		
יווינים איני איני איני איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז אי		
-the Provincial Policy Statement has specifically recognized the importance of directing		No additional condition required.
development away from prime agricultural lands and preserving the food production capacity of		
our rural communities, especially in Southwestern Ontario.	Lands are within the Settlement boundary and designated for residential uses.	

d zoning.	

Construction puicances our paighbourbood will be forced to ondure		
-our lungs and homes will be polluted with dust and debris from topsoil striping, grading,		No additional condition required
earthworks and paving; the peace and quiet of our neighbourhood will be pierced by incessant		no additional condition required.
beeping, buzzing, and roaring of machines and power tools; the stench of poured concrete and hot		
asphalt will infect our air; our properties will be at risk of debris and errant object; and our roads	The plan has been redesigned to address public comments as well as respond to the policies of the PPS and County	
will be degraded by overuse from heavy trucks and machinery	and Municipal Official Plan.	
This area lacks adequate municipal servicing to support the proposed development		
-Services are more readily available and more cost-efficient on the South Side of the River.		
-Thames Centre's Director of Planning recently provided Council with a comprehensive Planning Justification Report recommending that the Municipality remove this parcel from the Dorchester Settlement Area in exchange for parcels of land south of the River where tie in to existing municipal servicing is immediately available.		The Owner implements the Municipal Class
-Residents will be saddled with the inevitable cost of being forced to remove our own septic system and tie into municipal servicing.		
-Estimates the cost of construction of the pumping stations and force mains is at more than \$10,000,000.00. The cost of this construction will be borne ultimately by anyone buying a house in this subdivision.	Development will be consistent with the Municipal EA and Master Plans.	
Will significantly increase hazards and risks while simultaneously detracting from quality of life in our neighbourhood		
-exponential increase in traffic;		
-community's complaints about the lack of sidewalks or bike paths on Richmond Street, Marion Street, and much of Clara Street, have gone unanswered, leaving our residents and children vulnerable to this added new risk		No additional condition required.
-will drown out the peaceful sounds of nature with the incessant din of suburbia		
-inevitable proliferation of garbage, litter, and pollution from exhaust, spills, and discharge		
-will become a prime target for theft and crime	The subdivision has been redesigned to better address traffic and densities.	
Will quickly overwhelm the capacity of our schools, public services, and other amenities	The subdivision has been redesigned to better address traffic and densities.	No additional condition required.
Medium density for seniors and empty nesters should be located south of Thames River		No additional condition required
-in a village without public transit, we must keep in mind that almost all business and recreational		
services located within convenient walking distance of residential areas are located in the		
commercial node on Dorchester Road	The subdivision has been redesigned to better address traffic and densities.	

EA to the satisfaction of the Municipality.